# SOUTHINGTON

PUBLIC LIBRARY

### BUILDING COMMITTEE UPDATE

MEETING - 9/7/22

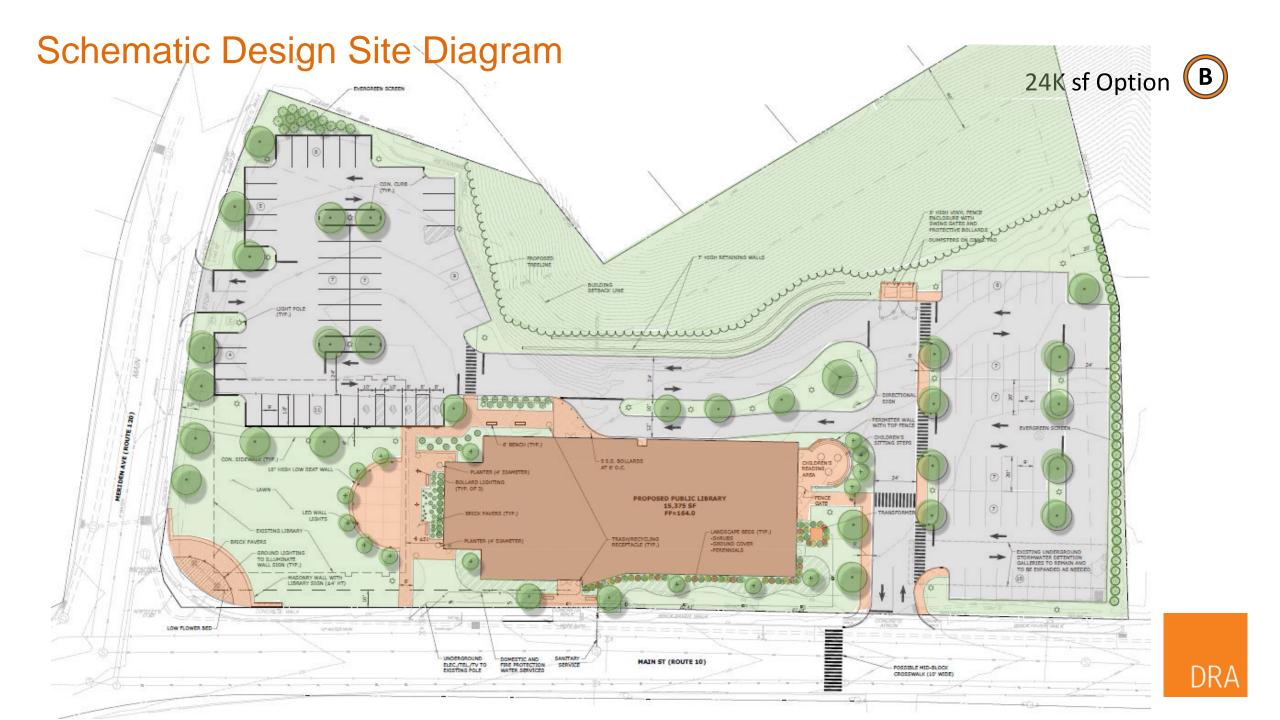
LIBRARY PLANNING
AND DESIGN SERVICES

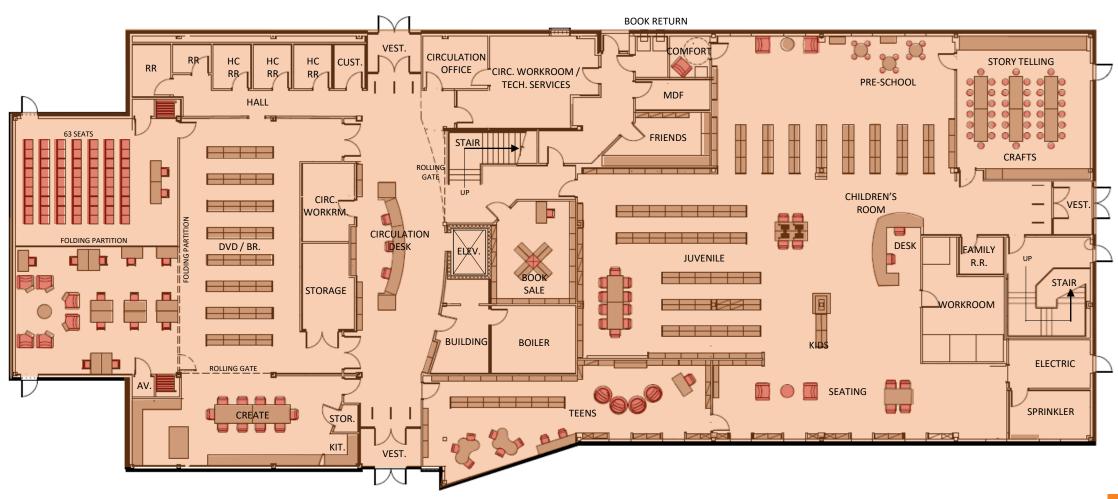


- I. SCHEMATIC PLAN / ELEVATIONAL DEVELOPMENT
- II. SCHEMATIC DESIGN SET OVERVIEW
- III. VAV vs VRF HEATING VENTILATION + AC
- IV. INITIAL DEDUCT ALTERNATE LISTING



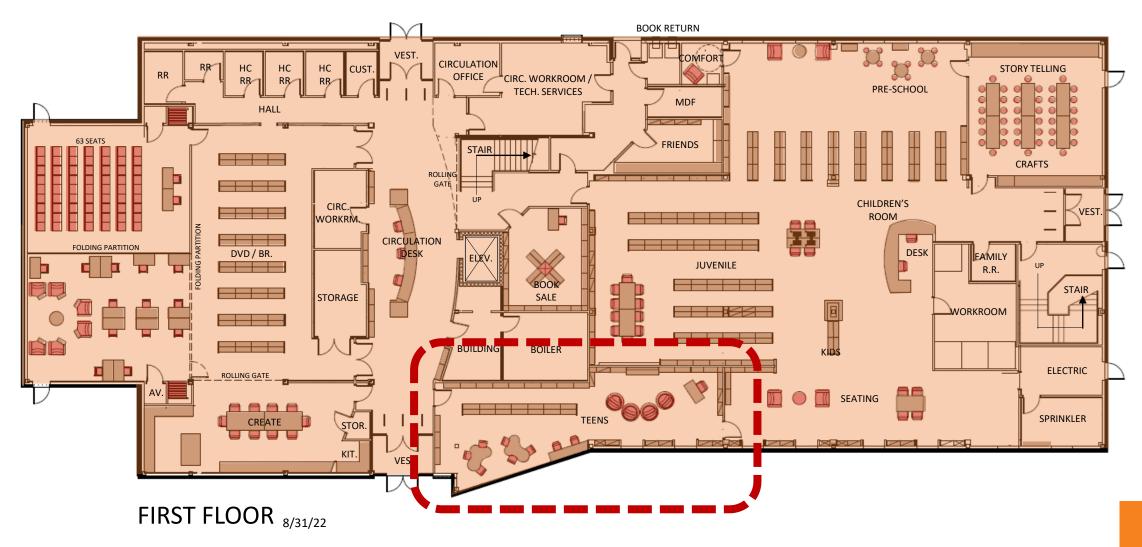
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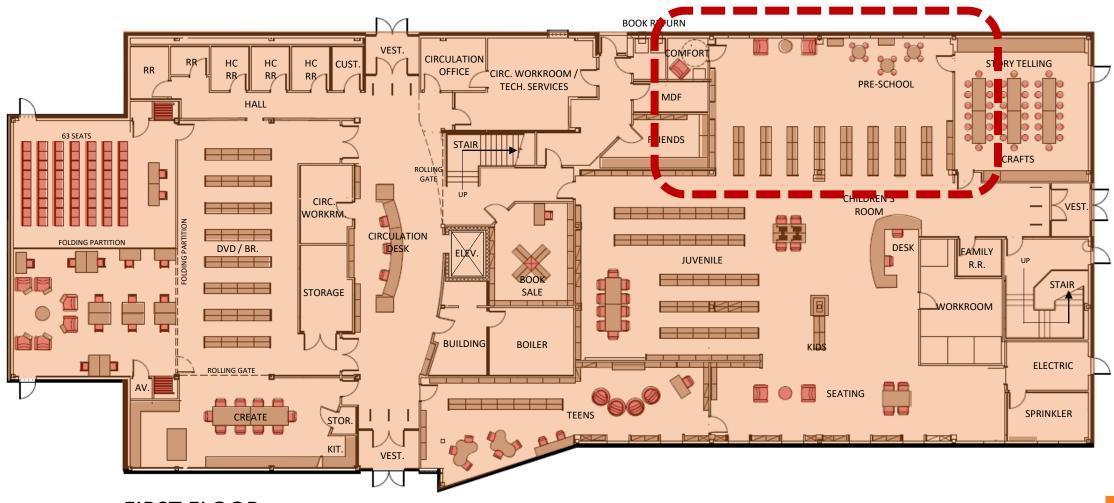
FIRST FLOOR 8/31/22





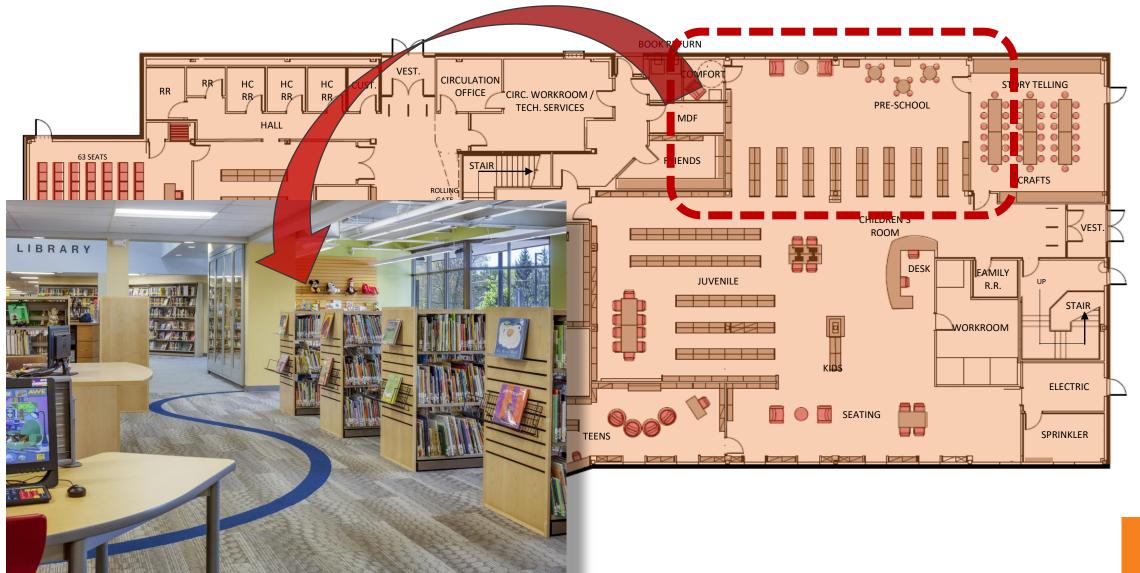




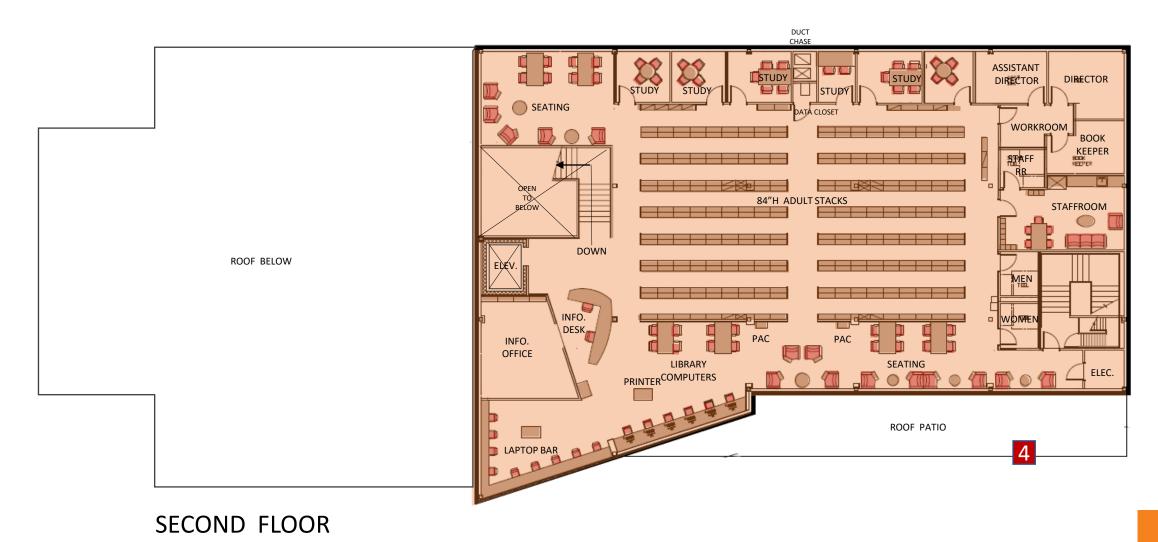


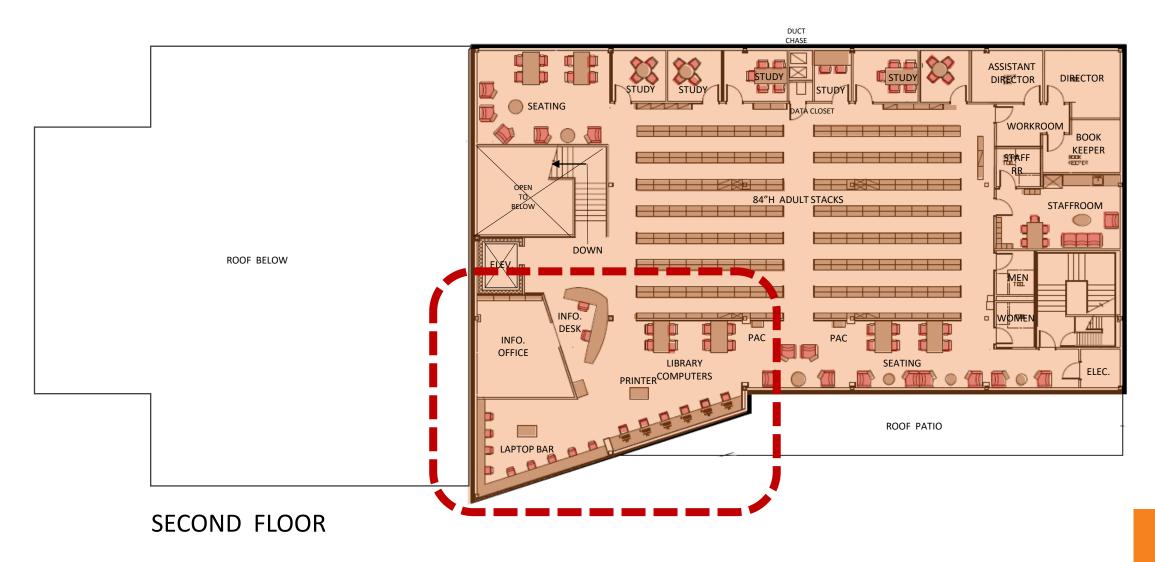
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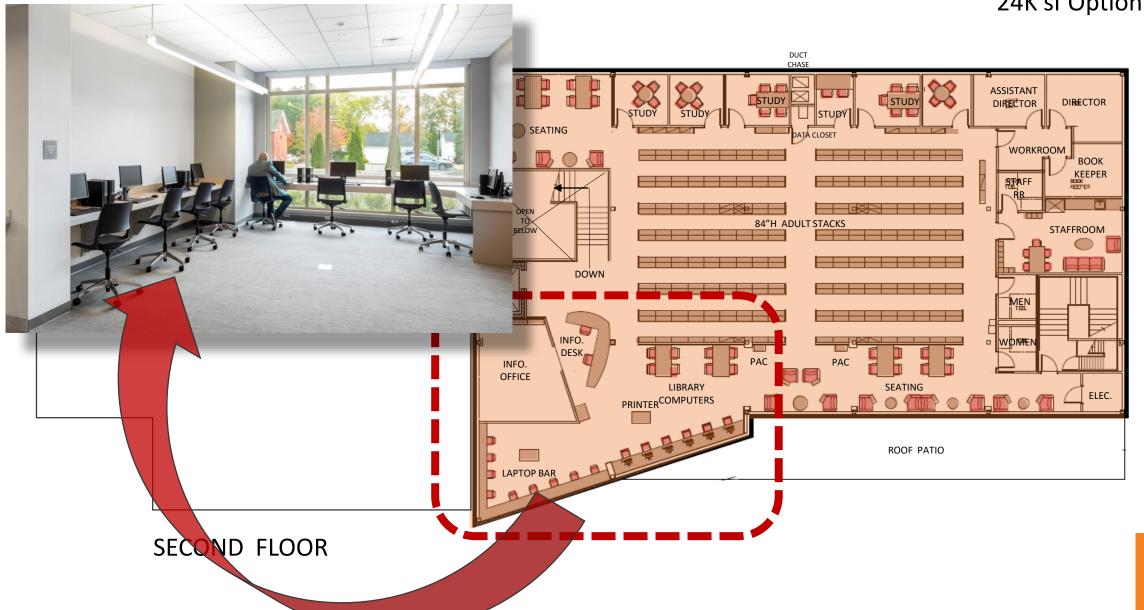




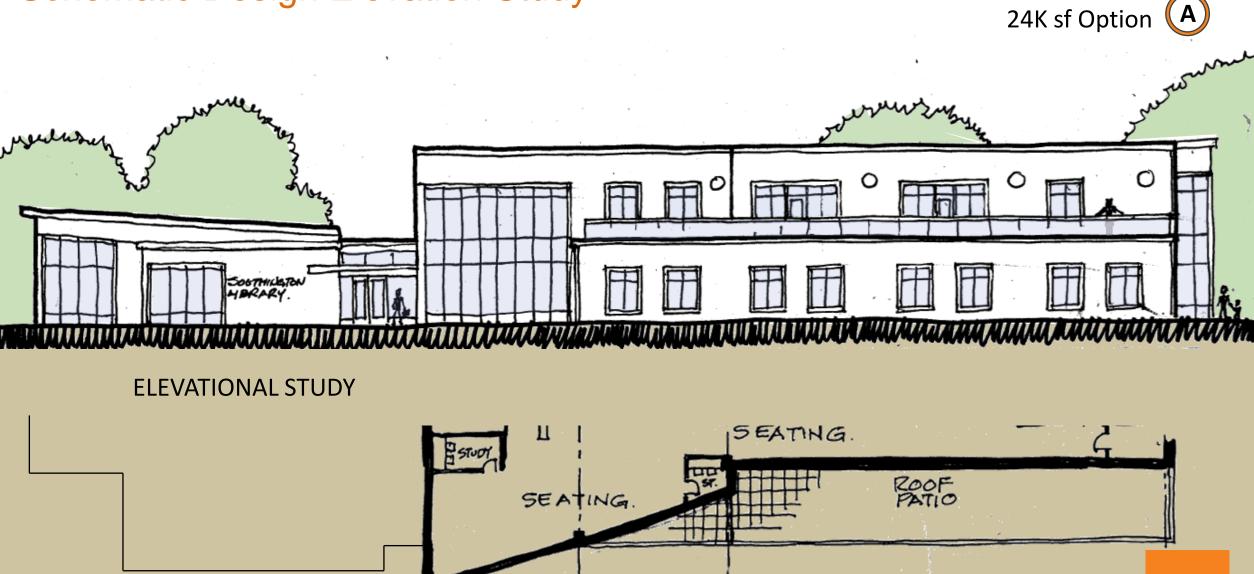




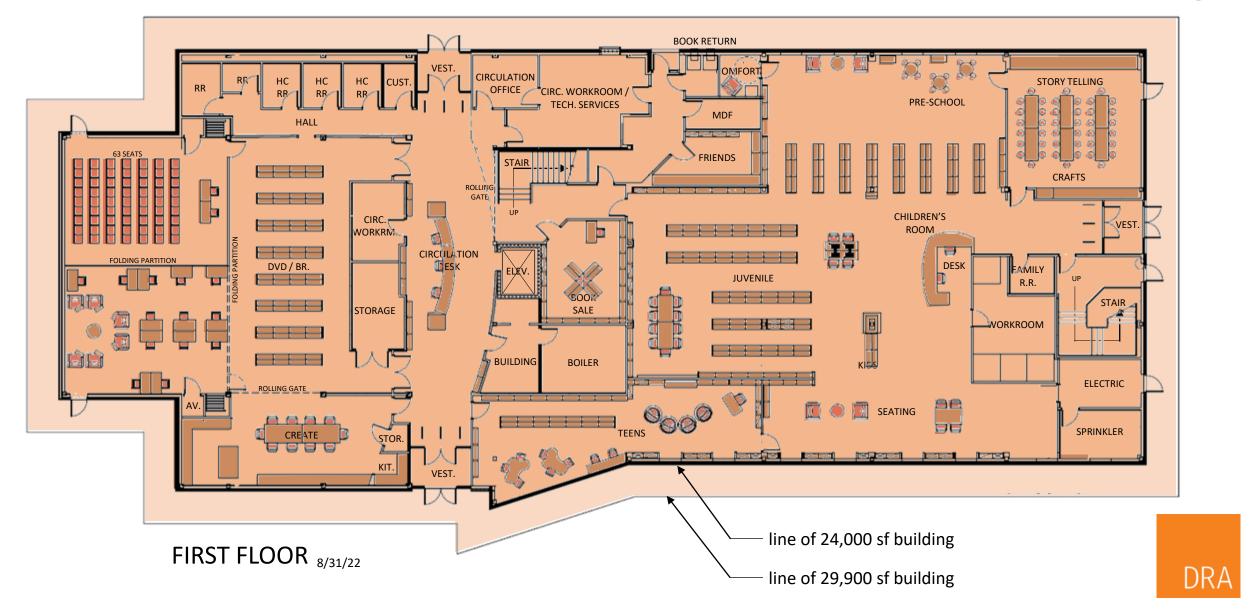




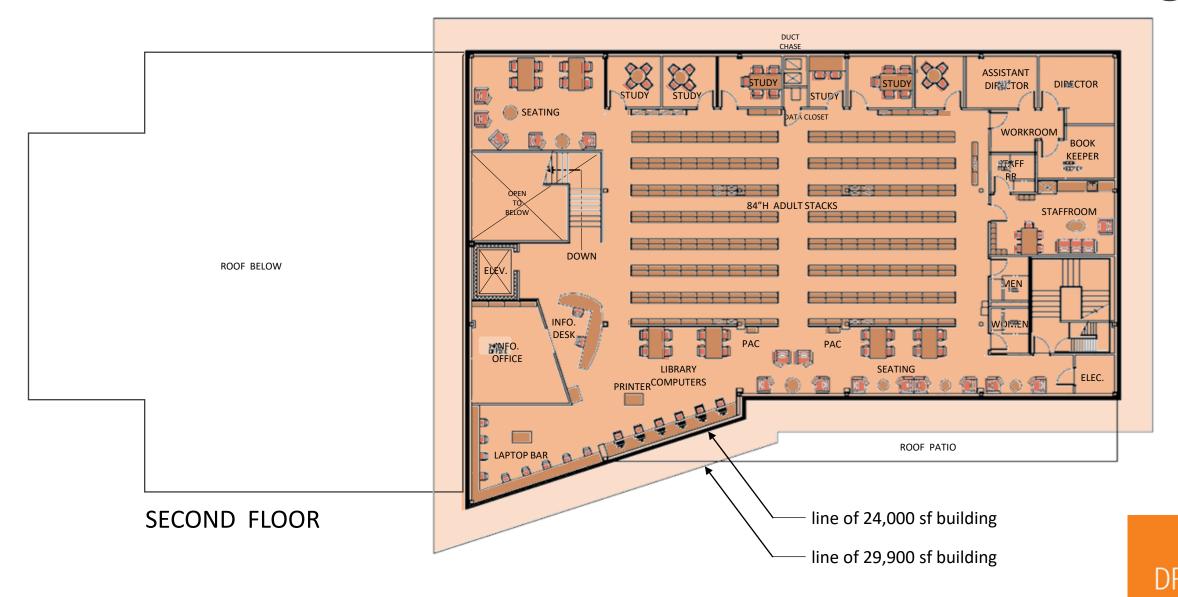
# Schematic Design Elevation Study



PARTIAL PLAN



## Plan Diagram - 24,000sf vs. 29,900sf

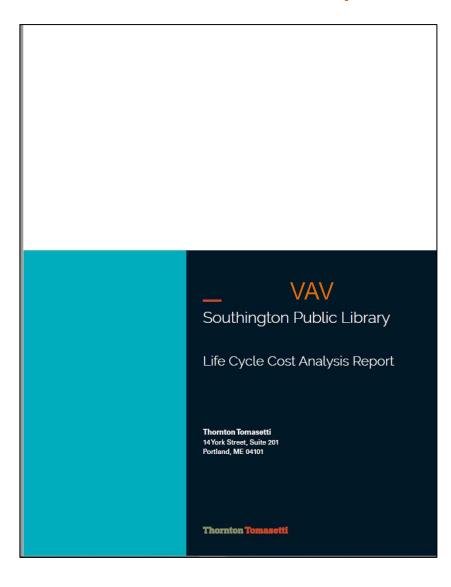


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### MEP Narrative / Comparative Study



#### LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

Thornton Tomasetti has completed a Life-Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) study for the two HVAC design options of the new Southington Public Library Project. The project is a new construction located at 255 Main St, Southington, CT. The proposed building is approximately 23,000 SF with two floors. The LCCA study was based on the conceptual design information received in August 2022.

The goal of this analysis is to better understand the financial implications of the two design options as summarized below:

- Option 1: Variable refrigerant flow system with a dedicated outside air system (VRF + DOAS) and fin tube radiators and radiant panels
- Option 2: Variable air volume system (VAV)

Based on the results of the analysis, the cumulative life cycle cost of the VAV system is \$300,000 less than the cumulative life cycle cost of the VRF system over the 20 year analysis period.

#### Methodology

Two whole building energy models were developed in eQuest v3.65, incorporating the building's as-designed geometry, window-to-wall ratio, zoning, and the two MEP system types. Envelope thermal properties and lighting power density are based on the minimum performance values given in ASHRAE 90.1-2019.

Building geometry, zoning, envelope thermal properties, lighting power densities, plug-loads were kept the same between the two cases.

Simulations were performed to determine the performance of the two cases' annual energy consumption and annual utility cost.

See detailed energy model inputs in the Appendix A.

The annual HVAC energy costs, along with first costs, and maintenance costs were input in the Building Life Cycle Cost program (BLCC 5) for the LCCA calculation. The cumulative costs of each case were compared for 20 years.

#### Analysis Results

It can be seen from the energy analysis summary inTable 1. that the VRF+DOAS system uses comparable energy as the VAV system. This is because the VRF heating is set to heat only when the outside air is above 40F. When the outside air is below 40F, heating is provided by the perimeter heating from the boiler. The two HVAC systems have similar cost performance because in both options boilers serve the loads predominantly during the cold season.

Table 1. Energy Analysis Summary

	Initial Investment	HVAC EUI (kBtu/sf/yr)	Annual HVAC Energy Cost	Annual Maintenance Cost
Option 1: VRF + DOAS	\$1,632,000	26.4	\$20,462	\$6,000
Option 2: VAV system	\$1,392,000	28.9	\$20,235	\$3,600

#### Not

The annual energy consumption and energy cost are only applicable for comparative analyses. They are not predictions of actual energy costs of the proposed design after construction. Actual cost will differ from these calculations due to variations such as occupancy, building operation and maintenance, weather, changes in energy rates, etc.

Thornton Tomasetti August 26, 2022 Southington Public Library | LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

25 2009

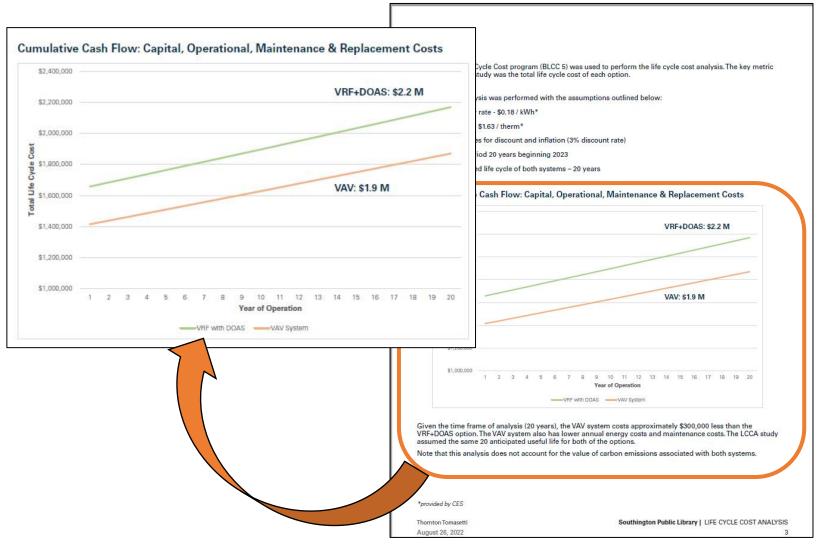
Initial Cost

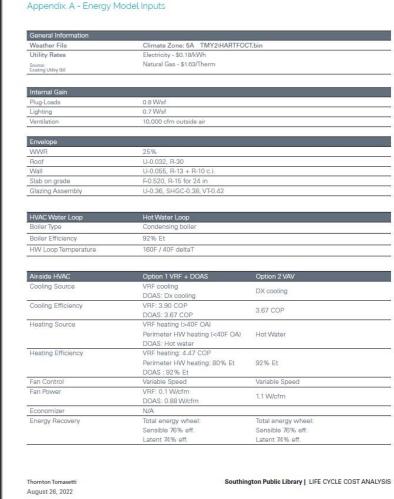
Annual HVAC
Energy Cost

Annual
Maintenance
Cost



## MEP Narrative / Comparative Study





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1

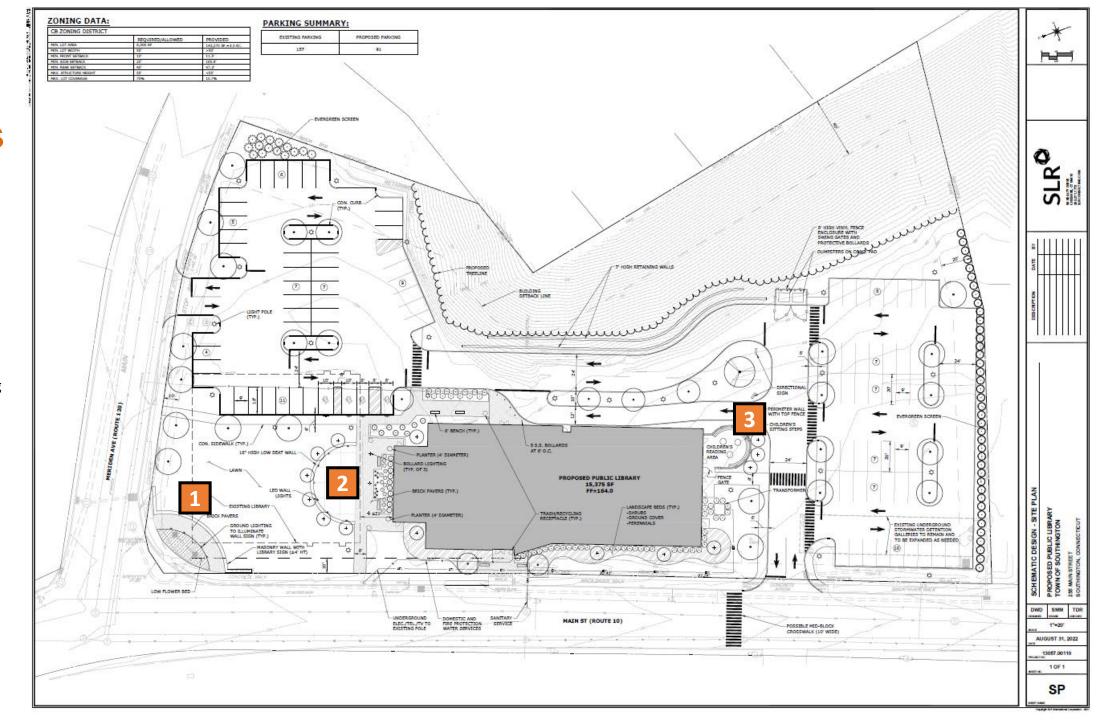
Deduct corner pavers and site signage wall

2

Deduct community pavilion plaza hardscape

3

Deduct children's reading plaza, seat wall, and fencing

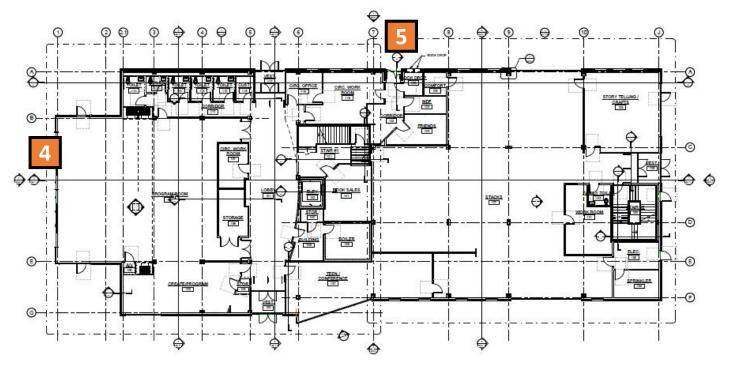


4

Deduct sliding glass wall at north face of community pavilion



Deduct drive-up transaction window

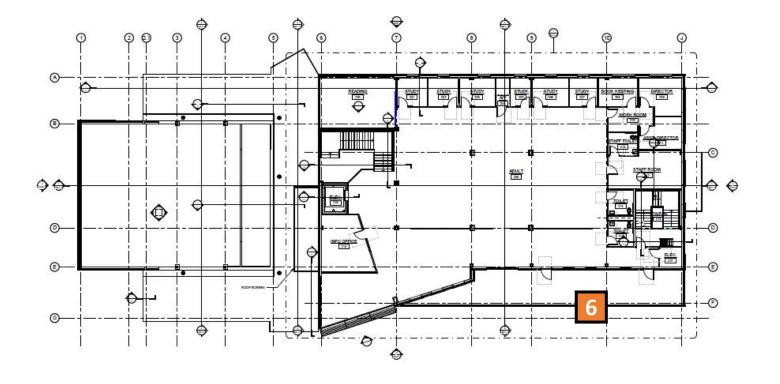


FIRST FLOOR



6

Deduct roof paver pedestals and wearing surface pavers



SECOND FLOOR

SOUTHINGTON LIBRARY

255 MAIN STREET SOUTHINGTON, CT 06489

> SCHEMATIC DESIGN 8/31/2022

OVERALL SECOND FLOOR PLAN

A1-0-2

7

Deduct skylight over main stair

8

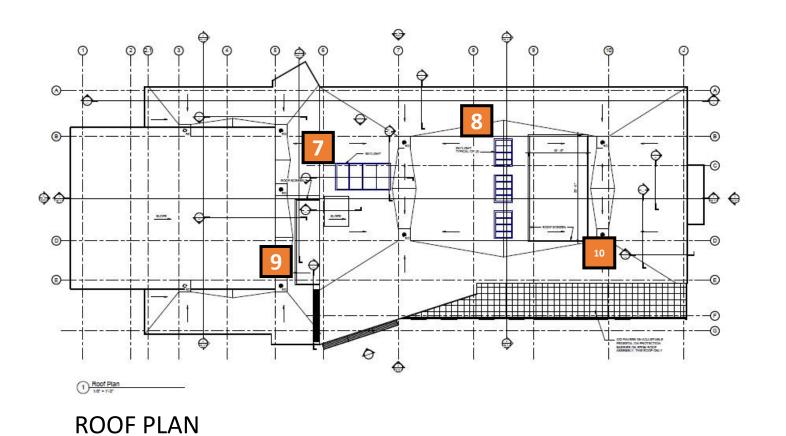
Deduct skylight over adult stack area main aisle

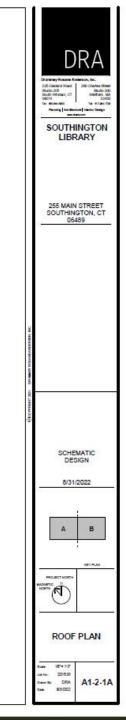
9

Deduct roof screen over low roof area

10

Deduct roof screen over second floor roof area





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